

Problem 4.24

- (a) Derive Equation 4.131 from Equation 4.130. *Hint:* Use a test function; otherwise you're likely to drop some terms.
- (b) Derive Equation 4.132 from Equations 4.129 and 4.131. *Hint:* Use Equation 4.112.

Solution

Part (a)

The raising and lowering operators are given in Equation 4.130 on page 163.

$$\begin{cases} L_+ = +\hbar e^{+i\phi} \left(\frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} + i \cot \theta \frac{\partial}{\partial \phi} \right) \\ L_- = -\hbar e^{-i\phi} \left(\frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} - i \cot \theta \frac{\partial}{\partial \phi} \right) \end{cases} \quad (4.130)$$

The aim is to prove Equation 4.131 on page 163.

$$L_+ L_- = -\hbar^2 \left(\frac{\partial^2}{\partial \theta^2} + \cot \theta \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} + \cot^2 \theta \frac{\partial^2}{\partial \phi^2} + i \frac{\partial}{\partial \phi} \right) \quad (4.131)$$

Let $L_+ L_-$ act on a test function and simplify the result.

$$\begin{aligned} L_+ L_- f &= \left[\hbar e^{i\phi} \left(\frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} + i \cot \theta \frac{\partial}{\partial \phi} \right) \right] \left[-\hbar e^{-i\phi} \left(\frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} - i \cot \theta \frac{\partial}{\partial \phi} \right) \right] f \\ &= -\hbar^2 e^{i\phi} \left(\frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} + i \cot \theta \frac{\partial}{\partial \phi} \right) \left(e^{-i\phi} \frac{\partial f}{\partial \theta} - i e^{-i\phi} \cot \theta \frac{\partial f}{\partial \phi} \right) \\ &= -\hbar^2 e^{i\phi} \left[\frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} \left(e^{-i\phi} \frac{\partial f}{\partial \theta} - i e^{-i\phi} \cot \theta \frac{\partial f}{\partial \phi} \right) + i \cot \theta \frac{\partial}{\partial \phi} \left(e^{-i\phi} \frac{\partial f}{\partial \theta} - i e^{-i\phi} \cot \theta \frac{\partial f}{\partial \phi} \right) \right] \\ &= -\hbar^2 e^{i\phi} \left[\left(e^{-i\phi} \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial \theta^2} + i e^{-i\phi} \csc^2 \theta \frac{\partial f}{\partial \phi} - i e^{-i\phi} \cot \theta \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial \theta \partial \phi} \right) \right. \\ &\quad \left. + i \cot \theta \left(-i e^{-i\phi} \frac{\partial f}{\partial \theta} + e^{-i\phi} \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial \phi \partial \theta} + i^2 e^{-i\phi} \cot \theta \frac{\partial f}{\partial \phi} - i e^{-i\phi} \cot \theta \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial \phi^2} \right) \right] \\ &= -\hbar^2 e^{i\phi} \left(e^{-i\phi} \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial \theta^2} + i e^{-i\phi} \csc^2 \theta \frac{\partial f}{\partial \phi} - \cancel{i e^{-i\phi} \cot \theta \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial \theta \partial \phi}} \right. \\ &\quad \left. + e^{-i\phi} \cot \theta \frac{\partial f}{\partial \theta} + \cancel{i e^{-i\phi} \cot \theta \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial \phi \partial \theta}} - i e^{-i\phi} \cot^2 \theta \frac{\partial f}{\partial \phi} + e^{-i\phi} \cot^2 \theta \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial \phi^2} \right) \\ &= -\hbar^2 \left[\frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial \theta^2} + i \underbrace{(\csc^2 \theta - \cot^2 \theta)}_{=1} \frac{\partial f}{\partial \phi} + \cot \theta \frac{\partial f}{\partial \theta} + \cot^2 \theta \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial \phi^2} \right] \end{aligned}$$

Therefore,

$$\begin{aligned} L_+L_-f &= -\hbar^2 \left(\frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial \theta^2} + \cot \theta \frac{\partial f}{\partial \theta} + \cot^2 \theta \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial \phi^2} + i \frac{\partial f}{\partial \phi} \right) \\ &= -\hbar^2 \left(\frac{\partial^2}{\partial \theta^2} + \cot \theta \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} + \cot^2 \theta \frac{\partial^2}{\partial \phi^2} + i \frac{\partial}{\partial \phi} \right) f, \end{aligned}$$

which means

$$\boxed{L_+L_- = -\hbar^2 \left(\frac{\partial^2}{\partial \theta^2} + \cot \theta \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} + \cot^2 \theta \frac{\partial^2}{\partial \phi^2} + i \frac{\partial}{\partial \phi} \right)}.$$

Part (b)

Follow the hint and begin with Equation 4.112 on page 160.

$$L^2 = L_+L_- + L_z^2 - \hbar L_z \quad (4.112)$$

The aim is to prove Equation 4.132 on page 163.

$$L^2 = -\hbar^2 \left[\frac{1}{\sin \theta} \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} \left(\sin \theta \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} \right) + \frac{1}{\sin^2 \theta} \frac{\partial^2}{\partial \phi^2} \right] \quad (4.132)$$

Let L^2 act on a test function and simplify the result.

$$\begin{aligned} L^2 f &= (L_+L_- + L_z^2 - \hbar L_z) f \\ &= L_+L_-f + L_z^2 f - \hbar L_z f \\ &= -\hbar^2 \left(\frac{\partial^2}{\partial \theta^2} + \cot \theta \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} + \cot^2 \theta \frac{\partial^2}{\partial \phi^2} + i \frac{\partial}{\partial \phi} \right) f + \left(-i\hbar \frac{\partial}{\partial \phi} \right) \left(-i\hbar \frac{\partial}{\partial \phi} \right) f - \hbar \left(-i\hbar \frac{\partial}{\partial \phi} \right) f \\ &= -\hbar^2 \left(\frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial \theta^2} + \cot \theta \frac{\partial f}{\partial \theta} + \cot^2 \theta \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial \phi^2} + i \frac{\partial f}{\partial \phi} \right) - \hbar^2 \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial \phi^2} + i\hbar^2 \frac{\partial f}{\partial \phi} \\ &= -\hbar^2 \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial \theta^2} - \hbar^2 \cot \theta \frac{\partial f}{\partial \theta} - \hbar^2 \cot^2 \theta \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial \phi^2} - \cancel{i\hbar^2 \frac{\partial f}{\partial \phi}} - \hbar^2 \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial \phi^2} + \cancel{i\hbar^2 \frac{\partial f}{\partial \phi}} \\ &= -\hbar^2 \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial \theta^2} - \hbar^2 \cot \theta \frac{\partial f}{\partial \theta} - \hbar^2 (\cot^2 \theta + 1) \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial \phi^2} \\ &= -\hbar^2 \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial \theta^2} - \hbar^2 \cot \theta \frac{\partial f}{\partial \theta} - \hbar^2 \csc^2 \theta \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial \phi^2} \\ &= -\hbar^2 \left(\frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial \theta^2} + \frac{\cos \theta}{\sin \theta} \frac{\partial f}{\partial \theta} + \frac{1}{\sin^2 \theta} \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial \phi^2} \right) \\ &= -\hbar^2 \left[\frac{1}{\sin \theta} \left(\sin \theta \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial \theta^2} + \cos \theta \frac{\partial f}{\partial \theta} \right) + \frac{1}{\sin^2 \theta} \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial \phi^2} \right] \end{aligned}$$

Therefore,

$$\begin{aligned} L^2 f &= -\hbar^2 \left[\frac{1}{\sin \theta} \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} \left(\sin \theta \frac{\partial f}{\partial \theta} \right) + \frac{1}{\sin^2 \theta} \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial \phi^2} \right] \\ &= -\hbar^2 \left[\frac{1}{\sin \theta} \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} \left(\sin \theta \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} \right) + \frac{1}{\sin^2 \theta} \frac{\partial^2}{\partial \phi^2} \right] f, \end{aligned}$$

which means

$$\boxed{L^2 = -\hbar^2 \left[\frac{1}{\sin \theta} \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} \left(\sin \theta \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} \right) + \frac{1}{\sin^2 \theta} \frac{\partial^2}{\partial \phi^2} \right].}$$